



**JBM-1612030701030300** Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**M. P. M. (Sem. III) Examination**

**December - 2019**

**Pharmaceutical Analysis - I**

Time : 3 Hours ]

[ Total Marks : 80

- Instructions :**
- (1) Figure to the right indicates marks.
  - (2) Answer the three (3) questions from each section.
  - (3) Question one (1) and question five (5) are compulsory.
  - (4) Draw neat and clean diagrams as required.

**SECTION - I**

- 1 Answer any seven out of ten : 14**
- (1) Comment on: Complexometric titration should perform in alkaline medium.
  - (2) Comment on: Water act as an amphiprotic solvent in non-aqueous titration.
  - (3) What is adsorption indicator? Give example of adsorption indicators.
  - (4) Define titration and standardization.
  - (5) Give difference between quality assurance and quality control.
  - (6) What is a spectator ion? Explain with examples.
  - (7) What is back titration? When back titration is required?
  - (8) What is difference between molarity and molality?
  - (9) Write application of complexometric titration.
  - (10) Explain. Titrimetric analysis is also known as volumetric analysis.
- 2 Answer the following question(s) : 13**
- (1) Enlist different end point determination techniques in precipitation titration. Discuss about mohr's method in detail. **7**
  - (2) Which types of compounds are assayed by non-aqueous titration? Write about different types of solvents used in non-aqueous titration. **6**

- 3** Answer the following question(s) : **13**
- (1) Enlist different validation parameters. Explain in detail about any three validation parameters. **7**
- (2) What is pharmaceutical analysis? Discuss its application. **6**
- 4** Answer the following question(s) : **13**
- (1) Enlist different types of acid-base titration. Discuss titration curve of strong acid vs strong base. **7**
- (2) Explain levelling and differentiating effect in non-aqueous titration with example. **6**

### SECTION - II

- 5** Answer any two out of three questions : **14**
- (1) What is ligand? Classify ligand with examples. Write a note on metallochrome indicators. **7**
- (2) Discuss different sources of pharmaceutical errors. How it should minimize? **7**
- (3) What is salt? Explain hydrolysis of salt in detail. **7**
- 6** Answer the following question(s) : **13**
- (1) Discuss theory of redox titration? Write basic principle of diazotization titration. **7**
- (2) Define term indicator. Enlist different theories of indicator. Explain benzoid theory of acid-base indicator. **6**
- 7** Answer the following question(s) : **13**
- (1) Define pH and derive Henderson - Hesselbach equation for acid and base. **7**
- (2) Which are different methods for writing oxidation-reduction reaction? Write in detail about electron balance method with example. **6**
- 8** Answer the following question(s) : **13**
- (1) Discuss about titration which is used for estimation of water. **7**
- (2) What is difference between indicator and self indicator? Give examples of self indicator. Discuss  $\text{KMnO}_4$  as a self indicator in redox titration. **6**